# Homework 1 in Cryptography I <br> Prof. Dr. Rudolf Mathar, Georg Böcherer, Paul de Kerret <br> 29.04.2010 

Exercise 1. Are 377 and 161 invertible in $\mathbb{Z}_{2011}$ ? 54 in $\mathbb{Z}_{2010}$ ? $3^{2009}$ in $\mathbb{Z}_{37}$ ? Justify and find the inverse when it exists.
hint: Apply the extended euclidian algorithm (in the script). $3^{29} \equiv 28 \bmod 37$.

Exercise 2. Decrypt the following ciphertexts and explain your approach. The plaintext messages are in english.
a) Caesar cipher: sdscsxceppsmsoxddyzbydomdyebcovfocgsdrv kgcgoxoondyzbydomdyebcovfocgsdrwkdrowkdsmc
hint: Use the most frequent letter in english for the frequency analysis.
b) Affine cipher:
onhldqrttydxtlgtojkhqtjxctdc
hint: Use " $t$ " and "o" on the code side for the frequency analysis.

Exercise 3. Consider an affine cipher over an alphabet with $m$ letters.
(a) Determine the number of keys for this cipher. How many keys are there if $m$ is prime? Why is it "better" to use an affine cipher with an alphabet of 23 instead of 26 letters?
(b) Show that the repeated encryption of a plaintext with two affine ciphers is not different from the encryption with one affine cipher using a different key.

