

Exercise 19. There are four so called *weak* DES keys. One of those is the key

 $K = 00011111 \ 00011111 \ 00011111 \ 00011111 \ 00001110 \ 00001110 \ 00001110 \ 00001110.$

What happens if you use this key? Can you find the other three weak keys?

Exercise 20. A block cipher is a cryptosystem where plaintext and ciphertext space are the set \mathcal{A}^n of words of length n over an alphabet \mathcal{A} . The number n is called the block length.

Show that the encryption functions of block ciphers are permutations. How many different block ciphers exist if $\mathcal{A} = \{0, 1\}$ and the block length is n = 6?

Exercise 21. Consider the following AES-128 key given in hexadecimal notation:

 $K = 2d \ 61 \ 72 \ 69 \ 65 \ 00 \ 76 \ 61 \ 6e \ 00 \ 43 \ 6c \ 65 \ 65 \ 66 \ 66$

a) What is the round key K_0 ?

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b) What are the first 4 bytes of round key K_1 ?